Worksheet: Analyzing Parallelism in an Actor Pipeline

Consider a three-stage pipeline of actors, set up so that P0.nextStage = P1, P1.nextStage = P2, and P2.nextStage = null. The process() method for each actor is shown below.

Assume that 100 non-null messages are sent to actor P0 after all three actors are started, followed by a null message. What will the total WORK and CPL be for this execution? Recall that each actor has a sequential thread.

```
Input sequence
d_9d_8d_7d_6d_5d_4d_3d_2d_1d_0 \longrightarrow P_0 \longrightarrow P_1 \longrightarrow P_2
```

```
1. protected void process(final Object msg) {
2.    if (msg == null) {
3.        exit();
4.    } else {
5.        doWork(1); // unit work
6.    }
7.    if (nextStage != null) {
8.        nextStage.send(msg);
9.    }
10. }
```

```
WORK = 300, CPL = 102
```

