A FIRST CLASS OF HOW TO USE iPHOTO ON MAC

iPhoto (Mac) is a digital photograph manipulation software application developed by Apple Inc. It was born in 2002. It can be only installed on OS X operating system. You can use iPhoto to import, organize, edit, play, and share your photos.

I. The iPhoto Interface

Left: Source list
- Access to your library, recent activities, devices, and albums.

Right: Information pane
- Find photo information.

Middle: Viewing area
- View your folders and photos. The iPhoto window switches between views, such as organize, edit, slideshow, etc., depending on your action.

Bottom: Toolbar
- Use buttons and controls to organize, edit, review, and share photos.

II. Import Photos

This process copies the photo files (in JPEG format) from their original source, such as camera, SD card, DVD, external storage devices, etc., into iPhoto.
- Connect the device to you Mac.
- Import all or part of photos from the original source.
- Delete those imported photos in the original source (optional).
- Disconnect the device from your Mac.

III. Organize and View Photos

After you import your photos into iPhoto, it's time to view and sort them. You can also add keywords or faces, and create a photo album.
- Events: can be named by date or event.
- Photos: list all photos in the library.
- Faces: automatically detects and tags people's faces.

- Places: automatically loads and displays GPS information.
- Last Import: shows the latest imported photos.
- Flagged: shows the photos you flagged.
- Trash: contains photos deleted from your library.
- Albums: helps you organize your photos by subject.
- Slideshows: plays your photos like a movie with transition effects and background music.

IV. Edit Photos

After you organize your photos in iPhoto, it's time to edit and polish them in terms of composition, color, and effect. Start with clicking the "Edit" button in the bottom of "Toolbar".

- Quick Fixes (basic)
    - Rotate: turns the image counterclockwise.
    - Enhance: increases the color saturation and improves the contrast.
    - Fix Red-eye: removes the red-eye caused by flash.
    - Straighten: tilts the image in the desired direction.
    - Crop: trims the image with constraint.
    - Retouch: removes minor flecks or lines.
- Adjust (advanced)
    - Exposure: the photo's overall lightness and darkness.
    - Contrast: the amount of difference between light and dark.
    - Saturation: color richness.
    - Definition: improves clarity and reduces haze.
    - Highlights: reduces the brightness of highlights.
    - Shadows: brightens shadows to improve details in shadowy areas.
    - Sharpness: crispness or softness.
    - De-noise: graininess.
    - Temperature: color tone coolness and warmth.
    - Tint: the photo's overall color cast.
- Effects
    - B&W
    - Sepia
    - Antique.
- Revert to Original.

V. Share and Play Photos

After everything looks perfect, it's time to share the fun with your family and friends.
- Slideshow.
- Share with iMessage or Mail.

VI. Getting More Help

To get more help while you're using iPhoto, you can
- Look in iPhoto Help.
- View tutorial video on Youtube.
- Drop by DMC and ask for help.