Worksheet #26: use of tryLock()

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Netid:

Rewrite the transferFunds() method below to use j.u.c. locks with calls to tryLock (see slide 8) instead of synchronized. Your goal is to write a correct implementation that never deadlocks, unlike the buggy version below (which can deadlock). Assume that each Account object already contains a reference to a ReentrantLock object dedicated to that object e.g., from.lock() returns the lock for the from object. Sketch your answer below using pseudocode.

public void	transferFunds (Account from, Account to, int amount) {
1.	<pre>synchronized (from) {</pre>
2.	synchronized (to) {
3.	<pre>from.subtractFromBalance(amount);</pre>
4.	<pre>to.addToBalance(amount);</pre>
5.	}
6.	}
7. }	

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