Worksheet #32: UPC data distributions

In the following example (which is similar to slide 17, but without the blocking), assume that each UPC array is distributed by default across threads with a cyclic distribution. In the space below, a) identify an iteration of the upc_forall construct for which all array accesses are local, and b) an iteration for which all array accesses are non-local (remote). You can assume any values for THREADS in the 2...99 range that you choose for parts a) and b). Explain your answer in each case.

```
shared int a[100],b[100], c[100];
int i;
upc_forall (i=0; i<100; i++; (i*THREADS)/100)
   a[i] = b[i] * c[i];</pre>
```

