Worksheet #23: Analyzing Parallelism in an Actor Pipeline

Consider a three-stage pipeline of actors (as in slide 5), set up so that P0.nextStage = P1, P1.nextStage = P2, and P2.nextStage = null. The process() method for each actor is shown below. Assume that 100 non-null messages are sent to actor P0 after all three actors are started, followed by a null message. What will the total WORK and CPL be for this execution? Recall that each actor has a sequential thread.

```
Input sequence

... d_9d_8d_7d_6d_5d_4d_3d_2d_1d_0

Po P1 P2

1. protected void process(final Object msg) {
2. if (msg == null) {
3. exit();
4. } else {
5. doWork(1); // unit work
6. }
7. if (nextStage != null) {
```

nextStage.send(msg);



10.

8.

9.