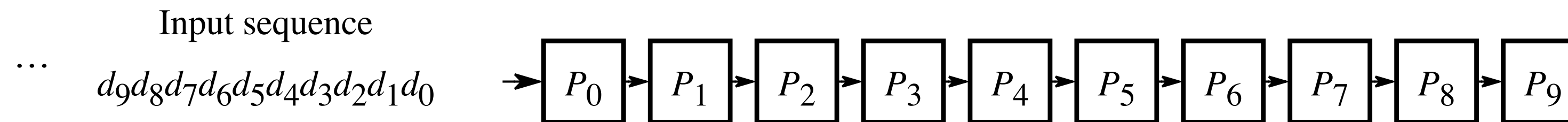


Worksheet #22: Analyzing Parallelism in an Actor Pipeline

Consider a three-stage pipeline of actors (as in slide 5), set up so that $P_0.nextStage = P_1$, $P_1.nextStage = P_2$, and $P_2.nextStage = null$. The `process()` method for each actor is shown below.

Assume that 100 non-null messages are sent to actor P_0 after all three actors are started, followed by a null message. What will the total WORK and CPL be for this execution? Recall that each actor has a sequential thread.



```
1. protected void process(final Object msg) {
2.     if (msg == null) {
3.         exit();
4.     } else {
5.         doWork(1); // unit work
6.     }
7.     if (nextStage != null) {
8.         nextStage.send(msg);
9.     }
10. }
```

